CLARITY

Making sure the reader can easily understand your main points and arguments.

THE ESSENTIAL RULE FOR WRITING A COMPLETE SENTENCE:

- Start with the doer (subject)
- Follow with the verb
- Finish with the object (what receives the action).
- Increases clarity.

HOW TO FORM A COMPLETE SENTENCE

SUBJECT+VERB+OBJECT=COMPLETE SENTENCE

Example:

-Bob walked to school.

S+V+0

HOW TO FIX CONFUSING AND AWKWARD SENTENCES

A few steps that can help fix confusing and awkward sentences:

- Specify reality: Focus on nouns and verbs, not adjectives or adverbs.
 - Example:

Bad: Bob moved his wooden bat swiftly, hitting the oncoming ball.

Better: Bob crushed the ball with his bat

- Omit needless words: Help make your sentences dense and concise.
 - <u>Example:</u>

Bad: A few inches of snow on the ground is all that is necessary in order for a person to be able to go sledding.

Better: Sledding requires only a few inches of snow.

- Use parallel structure: Make sure your verbs agree and do not shift in time or number.
 - Example:

Bad: I jumped from my car, rushed across the street, and hug him.

Better: I jumped from my car, rushed across the street, and *hugged* him.

Note: To receive more information about improving clarity in your writing, watch the video tutorials or read the handouts in the "Grammar, punctuation, and style" section on the writing center website.