# Welcome to the BYU-Idaho Physics Department



## Student Handbook

ROM 118 208.496.7730 www.byui.edu/physics

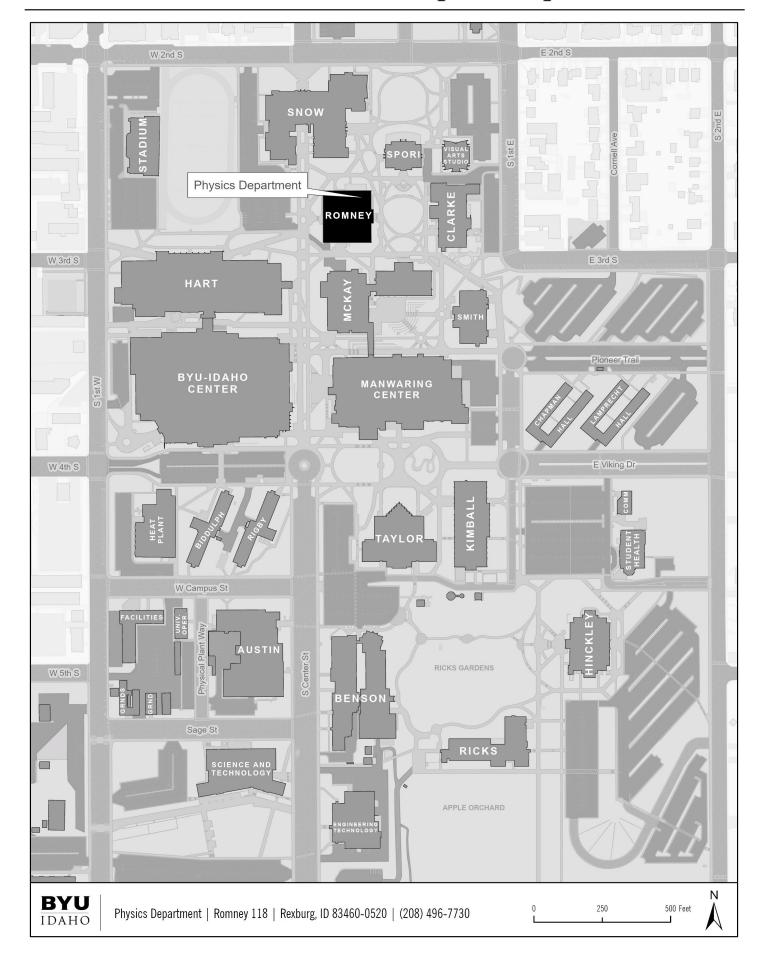
## Welcome to the Physics Department

Welcome to BYU-Idaho's Physics Department. We are excited to get to know you and help you discover the world of Physics. Within our department we strive to develop reasoning, mathematical, and communication skills within a rigorous academic program while maintaining a student-oriented environment to prepare students for their chosen profession. Every class is specifically designed to develop those skills while teaching students the principles of physics.

## Table of Contents

Map of BYU-Idaho Campus	3
What Every Freshmen Physics Major Should Know	4
Recipe for Success Card	5
Physics Emphasis and Degree Information	6
Course Descriptions and Availability	17
Professional Development Plan	21
Student Semester Checklist	22
Internship/Grad School Info	23
Frequently Asked Questions	24
Get Involved	27
Know Your Faculty	30
Degree Opportunities	33

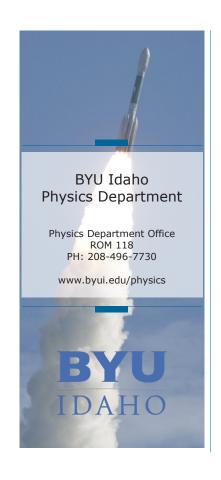
## BYU-Idaho Campus Map



## What Every Freshman Physics Major Should Know

In speaking with our graduating seniors, we have found a reoccurring theme. Many wished they would have known certain things as freshman instead of as seniors. Below are just a few of the main tips we hope all of our students know, but especially our new freshman.

- 1- **Ask Questions**: If ever you feel lost or don't know what to do come ask us. The Physics Department is located in ROM 118. Sister Nelson is happy to field your questions, answer what she can, or get you in contact with someone who knows. It's really true, you'll never know unless you ask.
- 2- **Get to know the Faculty:** Your physics instructors are great resources. Did you know that a physics faculty member should be assigned to you as a faculty mentor? Find out who they are (or come see Sis. Nelson and she can help you) and go introduce yourself. Ask them about a career in physics, or how to set up your grad plan. Make sure they know who you are and that you're a physics major. Too often we don't get to know you until the upper division courses so speak up and make yourself known early.
- 3- **Get involved**: There are a lot of things going on all the time in our department:
  - We have a department I-Learn course in Canvas where all of our upcoming activities and resources are posted. You should be automatically enrolled by virtue of being a physics major. If you're not seeing it, come see Sis. Nelson in ROM 118 to get added.
  - Join the Society of Physics Students right away. Get on their email list, Facebook group, and I-Learn site so you can stay up to date on upcoming activities.
  - Start asking about and getting involved in some of the research projects we have going on (look on pg 28).
  - Be a Grader, TA, or Tutor. Nothing will help you remember and retain the skills you've learned more than having the chance to review them often. And getting paid to do it doesn't hurt either.
  - Attend the monthly Colloquium. In the Fall and Winter semesters we host a colloquium each month at 11:30 am in ROM 172. This is a great opportunity to learn about cutting edge research, possible internship and graduate school opportunities, and do a little networking.
  - Actively look for and participate in the STEM and Career Fairs sponsored by the College. These are great places to get connected with grad schools, potential employers, and just learn what's available. Seats fill up fast so be proactive.
- 4- **Educate yourself and plan ahead**: Don't wait until it's too late to find out you can't register because of a hold or prerequisite, or didn't know how to sequence your classes. Visit our college's advising center and speak with Sister Whiting, Bro Crawford, or Sis Shirley. Find out about track adjustments and when to apply for them. Use our Recipe for Success card to help remind you to always be planning ahead, looking forward, and being prepared for what is next.





- 1- Counsel with your Faculty Mentor regularly
- 2- Maintain a **high GPA** (higher than 3.5)
- 3– Get involved in **SPS** (Society of Physics Students)
- 4- Get involved in Research early
- 5- Develop relationships with Physics Professionals by attending Colloquia and conferences. (**Network**)
- 6- Apply for several (12 or more) **internships** as early as the end of your 2nd Physics year
- 7- Obtain a high GRE score



## Physics Emphasis and Degree Information

In the Physics Department there are several different emphases that you can select to accompany your physics major. These emphasis areas include astronomy, biophysics, chemistry, computational, engineering, geophysics, mathematical, medical, and pre-med.

The following pages show you the courses required with each emphasis and a recommended graduation plan. It is essential to follow the sequencing shown in this grad plan. In order to graduate in a timely manner, you need to start your own grad plan in accordance with your chosen emphasis as a freshman. Talk with your faculty mentor to ensure you have courses sequenced properly and to help you avoid getting caught in a pickle. Also, as you explore the emphasis areas, be sure to talk with your mentor about possible substitutions and ways to customize an emphasis area to better suit your career goals.

The following faculty members have been assigned to oversee the emphasis areas. **These may or may not be your personal faculty mentor**, but they can help you understand what's going on in that area and what jobs etc. are available:

#### Emphasis Areas and the Corresponding Faculty:

Emphasis:	Faculty:	Office:	Phone:
Astronomy	Stephen McNeil	ROM 259	208.496.7741
Biophysics	Jon Johnson	ROM 112	208.496.7759
Chemistry	Stephen Turcotte	ROM 175	208.496.7746
Computational	Lance Nelson	ROM 296	208.496.7736
Engineering	Todd Lines	ROM 180	208.496.7740
Geophysics	David Oliphant	ROM 285	208.496.7743
Mathematical	Richard Hatt	ROM 110	208.496.7738
Medical	Kevin Kelley	ROM 184	208.496.7739
Pre-Medical	Richard Datwyler	ROM 298	208.496.7747
Physics Education	Brian Pyper	ROM 116	208.496.7744

## **Astronomy Emphasis (770-154)**

## 770 Physics Major Core Requirements = 52 credits

All physics majors must take the following core classes as well as select one of the nine emphasis areas to complete the degree requirements.

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits
MATH 112X	4	PH 220	3	PH 336	2
MATH 215	4	PH 228	1	PH 385	3
MATH 316	4	PH 250	1	PH 412	3
PH 121	3	PH 279	3	PH 433	3
PH 123	3	PH 295	3	PH 398R or PH 406	1
PH 135	2	PH 332	3	PH 488	1
PH 150	1	PH 333	4		

#### **Program Notes:**

- No Grade Less Than C- in Major Courses, and No Double Counting Major Courses.
- All majors are required to take the ETS Major Field Test with a minimum score in the 20% percentile or higher in order to graduate.
- Some upper division courses are offered on a rotating schedule, so please plan accordingly.
- PH 121 and MATH 112x double count and fulfills the GE requirement for given area.
- Substitutions may be needed if you are on a previous catalog year. See your faculty mentor for more information.

## Astronomy Emphasis Area Requirements = 14 credits

Course	Credits	Course	Credits
Choose one:		Take the following:	
PH 314	3	PH 127	3
PH 323	3	PH 277	2
PH 324	3	PH 374	3
PH 373	3	MATH 472	3
PH 375	3		
PH 473	3		

## Graduation Plan for Astronomy (770-154)

Semester 1		Semester 2		Semester 3		Semester 4		Semester 5	
PH 121 PH 150 PH 127 MATH 112X BYUI 101 REL 200C	3 1 3 4 1 2	MATH 215 PH 123 PH 135 ENG 150 REL 225C	4 3 2 3 2	MATH 316 PH 220 PH 228 PH 250 PH 277 Elective Credit	4 3 1 1 2 4	PH 279 PH 295 GE Breadth REL 250C Elective Credit	3 3 2 4	PH 332 PH 333 GE Breadth REL 275C Elective Credit	3 4 3 2 3
	14	0".	14	6 . 7	15		15	<b>.</b>	15
Semester 6		Off-Track		Semester 7		Semester 8		Program Notes	
PH 336 PH 385 *PH 374 ENG 301 REL Elective Elective Credit	2 3 3 2 3	**Choose One: PH 398R or PH 406	1	PH 412 PH 433 Elective Credit GE Breadth REL Elective	3 3 3 2	PH 488 *PH Elective MATH 472 GE Breadth REL Elective Elective Credit	1 3 3 2 2 3	*PH 374 is requifor this emphasis A different PH Elective is requir for the core requirement.	S.

## **Biophysics Emphasis (770-155)**

## 770 Physics Major Core Requirements = 52 credits

All physics majors must take the following core classes as well as select one of the nine emphasis areas to complete the degree requirements.

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits
MATH 112X	4	PH 220	3	PH 336	2
MATH 215	4	PH 228	1	PH 385	3
MATH 316	4	PH 250	1	PH 412	3
PH 121	3	PH 279	3	PH 433	3
PH 123	3	PH 295	3	PH 398R or PH 406	1
PH 135	2	PH 332	3	PH 488	1
PH 150	1	PH 333	4		

#### **Program Notes:**

- No Grade Less Than C- in Major Courses, and No Double Counting Major Courses.
- All majors are required to take the ETS Major Field Test with a minimum score in the 20% percentile or higher in order to graduate.
- Some upper division courses are offered on a rotating schedule, so please plan accordingly.
- PH 121 and MATH 112x double count and fulfills the GE requirement for given area.
- Substitutions may be needed if you are on a previous catalog year. See your faculty mentor for more information.

## Biophysics Emphasis Area Requirements = 15 credits

Course	Credits	Course	Credits
Choose one:		Take 12 credits:	
PH 314	3	BIO 180	3
PH 323	3	BIO 180L	1
PH 324	3	BIO 181	3
PH 373	3	BIO 181L	1
PH 374	3	BIO 375	3
PH 375	3	BIO 376	3
PH 473	3		

### Graduation Plan for Biophysics (770-155)

Semester 1		Semester 2		Semester 3		Semester 4		Semester 5	
PH 135 PH 121 PH 150 MATH 112X BYUI 101 GE Breadth	2 3 1 4 1 3	MATH 215 PH 123 BIO 180 ENG 150 REL 200C	4 3 3 3 2	Math 316 PH 220 PH 228 PH 250 REL 225C Elective Credit	4 3 1 1 2 4	PH 279 PH 295 BIO 181 REL 250C Elective Credit	3 3 2 4	PH 332 PH 333 GE Breadth REL 275C Elective Credit	3 4 3 2 3
	14		15		15		15		15
Semester 6		Off-Track		Semester 7		Semester 8		Program Notes	
PH 336 PH 385 GE Breadth ENG 301 REL Elective Elective Credit	2 3 3 2 3 16	**Choose One: PH 398R or PH 406	1	PH 412 PH 433 BIO 375 REL Elective Elective Credit	3 3 2 3	PH 488 PH Elective BIO 376 GE Breadth REL Elective Elective Credit	1 3 3 2 3 15		

## **Chemistry Emphasis (770-156)**

## 770 Physics Major Core Requirements = 52 credits

All physics majors must take the following core classes as well as select one of the nine emphasis areas to complete the degree requirements.

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits
MATH 112X	4	PH 220	3	PH 336	2
MATH 215	4	PH 228	1	PH 385	3
MATH 316	4	PH 250	1	PH 412	3
PH 121	3	PH 279	3	PH 433	3
PH 123	3	PH 295	3	PH 398R or PH 406	1
PH 135	2	PH 332	3	PH 488	1
PH 150	1	PH 333	4		

#### **Program Notes:**

- No Grade Less Than C- in Major Courses, and No Double Counting Major Courses.
- All majors are required to take the ETS Major Field Test with a minimum score in the 20% percentile or higher in order to graduate.
- Some upper division courses are offered on a rotating schedule, so please plan accordingly.
- PH 121 and MATH 112x double count and fulfills the GE requirement for given area.
- Substitutions may be needed if you are on a previous catalog year. See your faculty mentor for more information.

## Chemistry Emphasis Area Requirements = 15 credits

Course	Credits	Course	Credits
Choose one:		Take the following:	
PH 314	3	CHEM 105	3
PH 323	3	CHEM 105L	1
PH 324	3	CHEM 106	3
PH 373	3	CHEM 106L	1
PH 374	3	CHEM 351	3
PH 375	3	CHEM 351L	1
PH 473	3		

### Graduation Plan for Chemistry (770-156)

Semester 1		Semester 2		Semester 3	Semester 4			Semester 5	
PH 135 PH 121 PH 150 MATH 112X BYUI 101	2 3 1 4 1	MATH 215 PH 123 CHEM 105 CHEM 105L ENG 150	4 3 3 1 3	Math 316 PH 220 PH 228 PH 250 REL 225C	4 3 1 1 2	PH 279 PH 295 CHEM 106 CHEM 106L REL 250C	3 3 3 1 2	PH 332 PH 333 GE Breadth REL 275C Elective Credit	3 4 3 2 3
GE Breadth	3 14	REL 200C	2 16	Elective Credit	4 15	Elective Credit	3 15		15
Semester 6		Off-Track		Semester 7		Semester 8		Program Notes	
PH 336 PH 385 GE Breadth ENG 301 REL Elective Elective Credit	2 3 3 2 2 15	**Choose One: PH 398R or PH 406	1	PH 412 PH 433 GE Breadth REL Elective Elective Credit	3 3 2 4	PH 488 PH Elective CHEM 351 CHEM 351L REL Elective Elective Credit	1 3 3 1 2 4		

## **Computational Emphasis (770-157)**

## 770 Physics Major Core Requirements = 52 credits

All physics majors must take the following core classes as well as select one of the nine emphasis areas to complete the degree requirements.

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits
MATH 112X	4	PH 220	3	PH 336	2
MATH 215	4	PH 228	1	PH 385	3
MATH 316	4	PH 250	1	PH 412	3
PH 121	3	PH 279	3	PH 433	3
PH 123	3	PH 295	3	PH 398R or PH 406	1
PH 135	2	PH 332	3	PH 488	1
PH 150	1	PH 333	4		

#### **Program Notes:**

- No Grade Less Than C- in Major Courses, and No Double Counting Major Courses.
- All majors are required to take the ETS Major Field Test with a minimum score in the 20% percentile or higher in order to graduate.
- Some upper division courses are offered on a rotating schedule, so please plan accordingly.
- PH 121 and MATH 112x double count and fulfills the GE requirement for given area.
- Substitutions may be needed if you are on a previous catalog year. See your faculty mentor for more information.

### Computational Emphasis Area Requirements = 15 credits

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits
Choose one:		Take these courses:		CSE 280	2
PH 314	3	CSE 111	2	MATH 411	3
PH 323	3	CSE 210	2	MATH 412	3
PH 324	3				
PH 373	3	Choose one of the follow	ing options:	Data Science- take 8 credit.	S
PH 374	3	Numerical Modeling-ta	ake 8 credits	CSE 212	2
PH 375	3	ITM 112	2	DS 250	2
PH 473	3	CSE 212	2	DS 350	3
		CSE 220C	1	CSE 450	3
		CSE 251	3	DS 460	3

### Graduation Plan for Computational (770-157)

Semester 1		Semester 2		Semester 3	Semester 3			Semester 5	
PH 135 PH 121 PH 150 MATH 112X BYUI 101 GE Breadth	2 3 1 4 1 3	MATH 215 PH 123 PH 228 CSE 111 ENG 150 REL 200C	4 3 1 2 3 2	Math 316 PH 220 PH 250 CSE 210 REL 225C Elective Credit	4 3 1 2 2 4	PH 279 PH 295 Comp Emph REL 250C Elective Credit	3 3 2 4	PH 332 PH 333 GE Breadth REL 275C Elective Credit	3 4 3 2 3
Semester 6	14	Off-Track	13	Semester 7	10	Semester 8	13	Program Notes	13
PH 336 PH 385 GE Breadth ENG 301 REL Elective Elective Credit	2 3 3 2 3	**Choose One: PH 398R or PH 406	1	PH 412 PH 433 Comp Emph REL Elective Elective Credit	3 3 3 2 3	PH 488 PH Elective Comp Emph GE Breadth REL Elective Elective Credit	1 3 2 3 2 3		

## **Engineering Emphasis (770-158)**

## 770 Physics Major Core Requirements = 52 credits

All physics majors must take the following core classes as well as select one of the nine emphasis areas to complete the degree requirements.

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits
MATH 112X	4	PH 220	3	PH 336	2
MATH 215	4	PH 228	1	PH 385	3
MATH 316	4	PH 250	1	PH 412	3
PH 121	3	PH 279	3	PH 433	3
PH 123	3	PH 295	3	PH 398R or PH 406	1
PH 135	2	PH 332	3	PH 488	1
PH 150	1	PH 333	4		

#### **Program Notes:**

- No Grade Less Than C- in Major Courses, and No Double Counting Major Courses.
- All majors are required to take the ETS Major Field Test with a minimum score in the 20% percentile or higher in order to graduate.
- Some upper division courses are offered on a rotating schedule, so please plan accordingly.
- PH 121 and MATH 112x double count and fulfills the GE requirement for given area.
- Substitutions may be needed if you are on a previous catalog year. See your faculty mentor for more information.

## Engineering Emphasis Area Requirements = 15 credits

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits	
Choose one:		Choose one of the fo	Choose one of the following options: Materials Science - Take these			
PH 314	3	Electrical Engineering	-Take 12 credits	CHEM 105	3	
PH 323	3	ECEN 101	1	ME 201	3	
PH 324	3	ECEN 150	3	ME 202	3	
PH 373	3	ECEN 240	3	ME 250	3	
PH 374	3	ECEN 250	3	Thermal Science - Take thes	se courses	
PH 375	3	ECEN 350	3	ME 322	3	
PH 473	3			ME 360	3	
				ME 422	3	
				ME 423	3	

## Graduation Plan for Engineering (770-158)

Semester 1		Semester 2		Semester 3		Semester 4		Semester 5	
PH 135 PH 121 PH 150 MATH 112X BYUI 101 GE Breadth	2 3 1 4 1 3	MATH 215 PH 123 Eng Emphasis ENG 150 REL 200C	4 3 3 3 2	Math 316 PH 220 PH 228 PH 250 REL 225C Elective Credit	4 3 1 1 2 4	PH 279 PH 295 Eng Emphasis REL 250C Elective Credit	3 3 3 2 4	PH 332 PH 333 GE Breadth REL 275C Elective Credit	3 4 3 2 3
	14		15		15		15		15
Semester 6		Off-Track		Semester 7		Semester 8		Program Notes	
PH 336 PH 385 GE Breadth ENG 301 REL Elective Elective Credit	2 3 3 2 3	**Choose One: PH 398R or PH 406	1	PH 412 PH 433 Eng Emphasis REL Elective Elective Credit	3 3 2 3	PH 488 PH Elective Eng Emphasis GE Breadth REL Elective Elective Credit	1 3 3 2 2 3		

12

## **Geophysics Emphasis (770-159)**

## 770 Physics Major Core Requirements = 52 credits

All physics majors must take the following core classes as well as select one of the nine emphasis areas to complete the degree requirements.

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits
MATH 112X	4	PH 220	3	PH 336	2
MATH 215	4	PH 228	1	PH 385	3
MATH 316	4	PH 250	1	PH 412	3
PH 121	3	PH 279	3	PH 433	3
PH 123	3	PH 295	3	PH 398R or PH 406	1
PH 135	2	PH 332	3	PH 488	1
PH 150	1	PH 333	4		

#### **Program Notes:**

- No Grade Less Than C- in Major Courses, and No Double Counting Major Courses.
- All majors are required to take the ETS Major Field Test with a minimum score in the 20% percentile or higher in order to graduate.
- Some upper division courses are offered on a rotating schedule, so please plan accordingly.
- PH 121 and MATH 112x double count and fulfills the GE requirement for given area.
- Substitutions may be needed if you are on a previous catalog year. See your faculty mentor for more information.

## Geophysics Emphasis Area Requirements = 15 credits

Course	Credits	Course	Credits
Choose one:		Take 12 credits:	
PH 314	3	GEOL 111	3
PH 323	3	GEOL 111L	1
PH 324	3	GEOL 112	4
PH 373	3	GEOL 370	4
PH 374	3	GEOL 430	3
PH 375	3		
PH 473	3		

#### Graduation Plan for Geophysics (770-159)

Semester 1		Semester 2		Semester 3	Semester 3			Semester 5	
PH 135 PH 121 PH 150 MATH 112X BYUI 101 GE Breadth	2 3 1 4 1 3	MATH 215 PH 123 GEOL 111 GEOL 111L ENG 150 REL 200C	4 3 3 1 3 2 16	Math 316 PH 220 PH 228 PH 250 REL 225C Elective Credit	4 3 1 1 2 4 15	PH 279 PH 295 GEOL Emphasis REL 250C Elective Credit	3 4 2 3	PH 332 PH 333 GE Breadth REL 275C Elective Credit	3 4 3 2 3
Semester 6		Off-Track		Semester 7		Semester 8		Program Notes	
PH 336 PH 385 GEOL Emphasis	2 3 4	**Choose One: PH 398R or	1	PH 412 PH 433 GE Breadth	3 3 3	PH 488 PH Elective GE Breadth	1 3 3	Be sure to speak your faculty ment about possible	
ENG 301 REL Elective	3 2	PH 406		REL Elective Elective Credit	2 4	REL Elective Elective Credit	2	substitutions and other available options (i.e. remo sensing, GIS, opti	te

## 770 Physics Major Core Requirements = 52 credits

All physics majors must take the following core classes as well as select one of the nine emphasis areas to complete the degree requirements.

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits
MATH 112X	4	PH 220	3	PH 336	2
MATH 215	4	PH 228	1	PH 385	3
MATH 316	4	PH 250	1	PH 412	3
PH 121	3	PH 279	3	PH 433	3
PH 123	3	PH 295	3	PH 398R or PH 406	1
PH 135	2	PH 332	3	PH 488	1
PH 150	1	PH 333	4		

#### Program Notes:

- No Grade Less Than C- in Major Courses, and No Double Counting Major Courses.
- All majors are required to take the ETS Major Field Test with a minimum score in the 20% percentile or higher in order to graduate.
- Some upper division courses are offered on a rotating schedule, so please plan accordingly.
- PH 121 and MATH 112x double count and fulfills the GE requirement for given area.
- Substitutions may be needed if you are on a previous catalog year. See your faculty mentor for more information.

### Mathematical Emphasis Area Requirements = 15 credits

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits	
Choose one:		Choose one option:		MATH 441	3	
PH 314	3	Statistical Mechanics/Ther	Statistical Mechanics/Thermodynamics			
PH 323	3	Take one course:	Take one course:		3	
PH 324	3	MATH 221 A, B, or C	3	MATH 463	3	
PH 373	3	Take these courses	Take these courses Mathematics in Physics			
PH 374	3	MATH 341	3	MATH 301	3	
PH 375	3	MATH 423	3	MATH 461	3	
PH 473	3	MATH 424	3	Take 2 courses:		
		Solid State/Quantum Fie	ld Theory	MATH 462	3	
		MATH 301	3	MATH 463	3	
		MATH 341	3	MATH 472	3	

### Graduation Plan for Mathematical (770-165)

Semester 1	Semester 2 Semester 3			Semester 4		Semester 5			
PH 135 PH 121 PH 150 MATH 112X BYUI 101 GE Breadth	2 3 1 4 1 3	MATH 215 PH 123 ENG 150 REL 200C Elective Credit	4 3 3 2 3	Math 316 PH 220 PH 228 PH 250 ENG 301 REL 225C	4 3 1 1 3 2	PH 279 PH 295 MATH Emphasis REL 250C Elective Credit	3 3 2 4	PH 332 PH 333 GE Breadth REL 275C Elective Credit	3 4 3 2 4
Semester 6	14	Off-Track	15	Semester 7	14	Semester 8	15	Program Notes	16
PH 336 PH 385 MATH Emphasis REL Elective Elective Credit	2 3 3 2 5	**Choose One: PH 398R or PH 406	1	PH 412 PH 433 MATH Emphasis GE Breadth REL Elective	3 3 3 2	PH 488 PH Elective MATH Emphasis GE Breadth REL Elective Elective Credit	1 3 3 3 2 4 16	Take care to plan out which math courses you choo for the emphasis area as many are only offered oncyear or every oth year.	ose ; e a

## Medical Emphasis (770-166)

## 770 Physics Major Core Requirements = 52 credits

All physics majors must take the following core classes as well as select one of the nine emphasis areas to complete the degree requirements.

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits
MATH 112X	4	PH 220	3	PH 336	2
MATH 215	4	PH 228	1	PH 385	3
MATH 316	4	PH 250	1	PH 412	3
PH 121	3	PH 279	3	PH 433	3
PH 123	3	PH 295	3	PH 398R or PH 406	1
PH 135	2	PH 332	3	PH 488	1
PH 150	1	PH 333	4		

#### Program Notes:

- No Grade Less Than C- in Major Courses, and No Double Counting Major Courses.
- All majors are required to take the ETS Major Field Test with a minimum score in the 20% percentile or higher in order to graduate.
- Some upper division courses are offered on a rotating schedule, so please plan accordingly.
- PH 121 and MATH 112x double count and fulfills the GE requirement for given area.
- Substitutions may be needed if you are on a previous catalog year. See your faculty mentor for more information.

## Medical Emphasis Area Requirements = 15 credits

Course	Credits	Course	Credits
Choose one:		Take these courses:	
PH 314	3	PH 324	3
PH 323	3	PH 375	3
PH 373	3	CHEM 105	3
PH 374	3	Take 1 course:	
PH 473	3	BIO 230	4
		BIO 264	3
		BIO 265	3

## Graduation Plan for Medical (770-166)

Semester 1		Semester 2	emester 2 Semester 3 Semester 4			Semester 5			
PH 135 PH 121 PH 150 MATH 112X BYUI 101 GE Breadth	2 3 1 4 1 3	MATH 215 PH 123 CHEM 105 ENG 150 REL 200C	4 3 3 3 2	Math 316 PH 220 PH 228 PH 250 REL 225C Elective Credit	4 3 1 1 2 4	PH 279 PH 295 GE Breadth REL 250C Elective Credit	3 3 2 3	PH 332 PH 333 GE Breadth REL 275C Elective Credit	3 4 3 2 3
Semester 6		Off-Track		Semester 7		Semester 8		Program Notes	15
PH 336 PH 385 PH Elective ENG 301 REL Elective Elective Credit	2 3 3 2 3 16	**Choose One: PH 398R or PH 406	1	PH 324 PH 412 PH 433 REL Elective Elective Credit	3 3 3 2 4	PH 375 PH 488 BIO Emphasis GE Breadth REL Elective Elective Credit	3 1 3 3 2 3 15	PH 324 and PH 375 are required for the emphasis A different PH Elective is required for the core requirements.	· .

## Pre-Medical Emphasis (770-167)

## 770 Physics Major Core Requirements = 52 credits

All physics majors must take the following core classes as well as select one of the nine emphasis areas to complete the degree requirements.

Course	Credits	Course	Credits	Course	Credits
MATH 112X	4	PH 220	3	PH 336	2
MATH 215	4	PH 228	1	PH 385	3
MATH 316	4	PH 250	1	PH 412	3
PH 121	3	PH 279	3	PH 433	3
PH 123	3	PH 295	3	PH 398R or PH 406	1
PH 135	2	PH 332	3	PH 488	1
PH 150	1	PH 333	4		

#### **Program Notes:**

- No Grade Less Than C- in Major Courses, and No Double Counting Major Courses.
- All majors are required to take the ETS Major Field Test with a minimum score in the 20% percentile or higher in order to graduate.
- Some upper division courses are offered on a rotating schedule, so please plan accordingly.
- PH 121 and MATH 112x double count and fulfills the GE requirement for given area.
- Substitutions may be needed if you are on a previous catalog year. See your faculty mentor for more information.

### Pre-Medical Emphasis Area Requirements = 15 credits

Course	Credits	Course	Credits
Choose one:		Take these courses:	
PH 314	3	BIO 180	3
PH 323	3	BIO 180L	1
PH 324	3	CHEM 105	3
PH 373	3	CHEM 105L	1
PH 374	3	CHEM 106	3
PH 375	3	CHEM 106L	1
PH 473	3		

## Graduation Plan for Pre-Medical (770-167)

Semester 1		Semester 2		Semester 3		Semester 4		Semester 5	
PH 135 PH 121 PH 150 MATH 112X BYUI 101 GE Breadth	2 3 1 4 1 3	MATH 215 PH 123 GE Breadth ENG 150 REL 200C	4 3 3 2	Math 316 PH 220 PH 228 PH 250 REL 225C Elective Credit	4 3 1 1 2 3	PH 279 PH 295 BIO 180 BIO 180L REL 250C Elective Credit	3 3 1 2 3	PH 332 PH 333 CHEM 105 CHEM 105L REL 275C Elective Credit	3 4 3 1 2 3
Semester 6		Off-Track	Off-Track Semester 7 Semester 8		Semester 8		Program Notes		
PH 336 PH 385 CHEM 106 CHEM 106L REL Elective Elective Credit	2 3 3 1 2 4	**Choose One: PH 398R or PH 406	1	PH 412 PH 433 GE Breadth REL Elective Elective Credit	3 3 3 2 4	PH 488 PH Elective ENG 301 GE Breadth REL Elective Elective Credit	1 3 3 2 3 15	Use your elective credit wisely as there are severa prereq courses t get into Medical School that are not required in the Physics Major.	0

# 870 Physics Education Major Core Requirements = 66 credits

Course	Credits	Course	Credits		Course	Credits		
Education Core		Physics Education C	Physics Education Core					
ED 200	2	PH 121	3		PH 279	3		
ED 304	3	PH 123	3		PH 314	3		
ED 322	2	PH 127	3		SCIED 305	2		
ED 359	2	PH 150	1		SCIED 405	3		
ED 361	3	PH 205	4		MATH 112X	4		
ED 450	2	PH 220	3		MATH 113	3		
ED 461	3	PH 250	1					
ED 492	10							
SPED 360	3							

#### **Program Notes:**

- No Grade Less Than C- in Major Courses, and No Double Counting Major Courses.
- Some upper division courses are offered on a rotating schedule, so please plan accordingly.
- All Education majors are also required to have an Education Minor. Please see Bro Pyper with any questions regarding the major/minor requirements.

## Graduation Plan for Physics Education (870)

Semester 1		Semester 2		Semester 3		Semester 4	
PH 121 PH 150 PH 127 MATH 112X BYUI 101 REL 200C	3 1 3 4 1 2	MATH 113 PH 123 ED 200 ED 322 ENG 150 REL 225C	3 2 2 3 2	PH 220 PH 250 ED 304 PH 205 ED Minor REL 250C	3 1 3 4 3 2	PH 279 SCIED 305 ED Minor GE Breadth ENG 301 REL 275C	3 2 2 3 3 2
	14		15		16		15
Semester 5		Semester 6		Semester 7		Semester 8	
ED 359 ED 361 SPED 360 ED Minor GE Breadth REL Elective	2 3 2 3 2	PH 314 PH 461 ED Minor ED Minor GE Breadth REL Elective	3 3 2 3 2	SCIED 405 ED Minor ED Minor GE Breadth REL Elective	3 4 3 2	ED 492 ED 450 Elective Credit	10 2 2
	15		16		15		14

## Course Descriptions and Availability

#### **PH 101 Fundamentals of Physics**

#### (3:3:0:0)

#### PH 123 Principles of Physics II

(3:2:3:0)

This course covers the principles of classical and modern physics as they relate to current concepts of the physical environment.

Prerequisite: PH 121 Co-requisites: MATH 112X

This course is the second semester of the calculus-based Principles of Physics sequence. It is designed for students majoring in physics, chemistry, geology, civil engineering, and mathematics. The course covers topics in waves, thermodynamics, and entics

thermodynamics, and optics.

(Fall, Winter, Spring)

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

#### PH 105 Introductory Applied Physics I (4:3:4:0)

Prerequisites: MATH 109 or MATH 110X or MATH 112X or ALEKS score of 85

This is an introductory general physics course, including a lab component. Also, target students for this course include those interested in pre-med, dental, physical therapy, construction management, and so on.

#### PH 127 Introduction to Astronomy (3:2:2:0)

Astronomy is the study of the heavens and the Earth as a planet. This course introduces students to the wonders of the heavens and the fundamental observations, concepts, and theories of modern astronomy. Students also learn how scientists discover this information in a historical context.

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

#### PH 106 Introductory Applied Physics II (4:3:4:0)

Prerequisites: PH 105

This is the second course in an introductory physics sequence that targets students who are interested in pre-med, dental, physical therapy, construction management, and so on. This course contains a lab component.

#### (Fall, Spring)

## PH 135 Introduction to Scientific (2:1:2:0) Computing in Physics

Students will learn basic computer programming skills in Python with a concerted emphasis on STEM-related problems and applications. Students will gain extensive experience working in jupyter notebooks and homework problem sets will involve introductory-level physics and mathematics. The course will also serve as an introduction to the physics major and the many career options that the degree offers. Students will gain confidence in their degree and start making educational plans to match their career goals.

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

### PH 121 Principles of Physics I (3:2:3:0)

Co-requisite: FDMAT 112

This course is the first semester of the calculusbased Principles of Physics sequence. The course is designed for students majoring in physics, engineering, chemistry, and mathematics. The course centers on mechanics, the study of forces and motion as described through Newton's three laws of motion and the concept of energy.

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

#### PH 150 Beginning Physics Lab (1:0:3:0)

Co-requisite: PH 121

This course introduces students to the basics of experimental physics. It is designed to help students learn to think analytically and to gain experience in doing common experiments in physics. It teaches students how to analyze data and numerically model common physics problems.

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

#### PH 205 Physics By Inquiry

(4:3:3:0)

This hands-on course addresses selected topics in physics with emphasis on the depth of understanding and developing skills essential to the scientific process. These skills include observation, interpretation, reasoning, generalizing predicting, questioning, and related communication skills. It provides an experience in education by inquiry and background for teaching as a process of inquiry.

#### PH 250 Intermediate Physics Lab

(1:0:3:0)

Pre requisite: PH 150

Corequisite: PH 220 or PH 223

This course is an introduction to the use of microprocessors, analog to digital converters, and embedded programming in experimental physics.

(Fall, Winter, Spring)

#### (Fall odd years)

#### PH 220 Principles of Physics III

(3:2:3:0)

Prerequisite: PH 121

Co-requisites: MATH 113 or MATH 215

This course is third of a four semester sequence. Principles of electricity and magnetism with emphasis on combining intuition and past experience with mathematics to understand the laws of electricity and magnetism.

#### PH 277 Contemporary Issues in Astronomy (2:2:0:0)

Pre requisite: PH 127

This course explores areas of current interest in astronomy, focusing on the formation of our solar system, exoplanets, and cosmology. It builds on the principles of astronomy learned previously in PH 127.

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

(Fall)

#### **PH 223 Engineering Physics**

(4:3:2:0)

Prerequisites: PH 121 and (MATH 113 or MATH

215)

(Fall)

This course is designed for students majoring in mechanical engineering. It is a one semester calculus based physics course covering topics in waves, electricity, magnetism, and optics.

#### **PH 279 Modern Physics**

(3:2:3:0)

Prerequisite: PH 123 Corequisite: PH 220

This course is the fourth in the Principles of Physics sequence. It is an introductory course dealing with the fundamental topics of modern physics, including special relativity, elementary quantum mechanics, nuclear physics, and some particle physics.

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

(Winter, Spring)

#### PH 228 Physics Career Development (1:0:3:0)

Prerequisites: PH 121 and FDENG 101 This course acquaints students with possible career tracks in physics. It introduces topics with becoming a member of a professional community, including presentation and other written communication. Students begin developing skills for job or graduate school applications and interviews. This course introduces students to the research process in physics by beginning the senior thesis or internship process.

#### PH 290R Special Problems in Physics (1-3:1:2:0)

Requirement: Instructor Approval Required This special topics course is a one to three credit. repeatable course that can be tailored to learning in areas that are not currently part of the required physics program. It is an elective course for those who express interest in learning more about a specific topic in physics or astronomy. Topics will be chosen by the professor. The course will be most often be a lecture type experience, but may include student projects.

(Winter, Spring)

## PH 295 Mathematical/Computational (3:2:2:0) Methods

Prerequisites: PH 135

Corequisites: PH 279 and MATH 316
This course is the second in a series of three computational courses offered by the physics department. The course has a numerical component that covers various numerical algorithms (coding taught in Python) and a mathematical component to prepare students for the mathematical rigors of upper division physics classes.

(Winter, Spring)

#### PH 314 History and Philosophy of Science (3:3:0:0)

Course equivalent to PHIL 314 Pre requisite: FDENG 101

Discusses the philosophical assumptions of modern science, criteria for theory selection, and traces their historical development. Describes the historical development of basic ideas in science.

#### (Fall even years)

#### PH 323 Solid State Physics

Pre requisites: MATH 316 and PH 279

This course introduces the basic mathematical and conceptual tools necessary to study the structural, electrical, thermal, and mechanical properties of matter in the solid state

#### (Fall odd years)

#### PH 324 Nuclear and Particle Physics (3:3:0:0)

Pre requisite: PH 279

This is a junior level survey course which introduces the physics of atomic nuclei and elementary particles.

#### (Fall even years)

#### PH 332 Classical Mechanics

(3:2:3:0)

Prerequisites: PH 220 and MATH 316

This is a junior level course applying Newton's Laws of Motion in a wide variety of applications. It also

includes a lab component,

#### (Fall)

#### PH 333 Electricity and Magnetism

(4:4:0:0)

Prerequisites: PH 220 and MATH 316

This is a junior level course which covers electromagnetic theory.

#### (Fall)

#### PH 336 Advanced Physics Lab

(2:0:6:0)

Prerequisites: PH 250

This course prepares students to do experimental work for their internship and/or research. It focuses on analyzing experimental data, but also covers other aspects of experimental design in common equipment used in physics experiments.

#### (Winter)

(3:3:0:0)

#### PH 373 Electricity and Magnetism II (3:3:0:0)

Prerequisites: PH 333

This course is designed as the second half of an introduction to electrodynamics, and includes the topics of electromagnetic waves, potentials, dipole radiation, and relativistic electrodynamics. Integral to this course are systematic problem solving techniques using vector calculus.

#### (Winter odd years)

#### PH 374 Astrophysics

(3:3:0:0)

Pre requisite: PH 127 and PH 277

Corequisites: PH 279

A junior level mathematically based course designed to introduce students to the field of astrophysics.

#### (Winter even years)

#### **PH 375 Principles of Optics**

(3:3:0:0)

Prerequisites: PH 333

This course covers the fundamental principles of optics. Beginning with Maxwell's Equations, the electromagnetic theory of light is studied. Fundamentals of geometric optics are revisited using electromagnetic theory. Phenomena such as lens aberrations, polarization, interference, diffraction, and coherence are discussed.

#### (Winter odd years)

#### PH 385 Numerical Modeling in Physics (3:2:3:0)

Pre requisites: PH 279 and PH 295

A lab course that applies numerical modeling and methods to a variety of modern topics in physics. One or more of the following program languages will be used in this course: MATLAB, PYTHON, C, or FORTRAN

#### (Winter)

### PH 390R Special Topics in Physics (1:0:2:0)

Repeatable Course: May earn maximum of 2 credits Prerequisite: PH 121

This special topics course is one credit, repeatable course that can be tailored to student mentored research projects. It is an elective course for those who express interest in learning more about a special topic in physics or astronomy.

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

### PH 398R Physics Internship (1:0:0:0)

Repeatable Course: May earn maximum of 2 credits Internship Fees: \$81.50 (LDS) \$163 (non-LDS) per credit Exempt from tuition, but charged this independent course fee.

This course consists of a professional internship providing the student with job experience in a physics-related field.

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

#### PH 406 Physics Senior Research

Course Requirement: Instructor Approval Required

In this course students propose, develop the background for, and execute a research project culminating in production of a thesis (written in PH 488), either individually or in cooperation with other students. This project is in lieu of (or in addition to with approval) a professional internship.

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

#### PH 412 Thermal and Statistical Physics (3:3:0:0)

Prerequisite: PH 279 and PH 295

This is a senior level course covering classical thermodynamics and statistical mechanics. This course builds upon and expands some of the material that was covered in PH 123.

#### (Fall)

#### PH 433 Quantum Mechanics

(3:3:0:0)

(1:1:0:0)

Prerequisites: PH 279 and PH 295 This course is a formal introduction to the postulates of quantum mechanics, with an emphasis on application in one-dimensional systems.

#### (Fall)

#### PH 473 Atomic Physics

(3:3:0:0)

Prerequisite: PH 433

This course is an extension of the postulates of quantum mechanics to multi-dimensional systems, including applications of the theory to atomic, and solid state, and other advanced physics topics.

#### (Winter even years)

#### PH 488 Senior Thesis

(1:1:0:0)

Prerequisite: PH 406 or PH 398R Course Requirement: Instructor Approval Required

This is a course focused on bringing a student's research experience to conclusion by writing the formal thesis and presenting its contents to the faculty and other students.

#### (Fall, Winter, Spring)

## Professional Development Plan

#### Students 7. Join Society of Physics 3. Select an emphasis area -6. Attend monthly Colloquia Graduation Plan 5. Complete & Approve 4. Take College Success course 2. Find your Faculty Mentor 1. Contact an Alumni Mento 1st semester Semester 1 Freshman Internship/Volunteer Experience Semester 2 Off Track スハマアコ ππО 4. Submit track adjustment -3. Join a research group 2. Research Graduate Schools 5. Attend monthly Colloquia 4th Semester Career Development course (Deadlines & Requirements) Semester 3 Take PH 228 - Physics Sophomore Internship/Research Experience Semester 4 Off Track ス೧DRI ππО 7. Attend monthly Colloquia 6. Attend BYU-Provo STEM applications 5. Submit internship 4. Explain senior thesis 3. Discuss internship with 2. Prepare to take the GRE requirement faculty mentor Semester 5 Succeeding in your Career Workshop Internship, Grad School and Career Junior Semester 6 PH 398R Internship/PH 406 Research Off Track ス೧V双I ππО 9. Become an Alumni mentor 8. Attend Professional 6. Attend monthly Colloquia 5. Attend BYU-Provo STEM 4. Major Field Test-8th opportunities 3. Discuss grad school/career **Applications** 2. Submit Grad School 7. Exit interview 1. Submit Job Applications Conference semester Semester 7 Senior Semester 8

## Student Semester Checklist

Hello Physics Majors,

In an effort to better assist you with your educational plan, we're asking that you fill out this form and return it to your faculty mentor. In exchange, the registration hold on your student account will be lifted.

Name:	I-Number:				
I am currently a Freshman Sophomore	Junior O Senior				
I have an approved Grad plan Yes No					
If no, explain why not:					
I am interested or involved in the following research area(s):					

Below are requirements/activities we ask you to accomplish in each respective semester. Please find the matching semester you are registering for below and check the box that you have read the requested items and will fulfill them to the best of your ability.

Semester One	Semester Two	Semester Three	Semester Four
1: Review the Student Handbook	1: Confirm an emphasis area	1: Become involved in research	1: Attempt early to secure an
at www.byui.edu	2: Complete/submit a grad plan	2: Submit track adjustment form	internship
2: Begin developing grad plan	3: Get involved with SPS	(if necessary)	2: Develop a resume and have it
3: Attend Colloquia	4: Become familiar with research opportunities	3: Attend Colloquia	reviewed (Career Workshop)  3: Switch track to Fall/Winter
	5: Attend Colloquia		4: Attend Colloquia
0		0	0

Semester Five	Semester Six	Semester Seven	Semester Eight
1: Research internships	1: Apply for 12 or more	1: Understand the senior thesis	1: Senior thesis and defense
2: Attend STEM Fair	internships	requirements	2: Do exit survey
3: Attend Colloquia	2: Research graduate school and/ or career opportunities	2: Begin Graduate school and/or career applications	3: Join our Facebook and LinkedIn groups
	3: Practice interview skills (Career Workshop)	3: Take GRE if graduate school bound	4: Attend Colloquia
0	4: Attend Colloquia	4: Attend Colloquia	0

## Internships Info

Getting an internship can be a daunting task, but hopefully the following links can help get you started. For more detailed information see Bro. Brian Tonks or the Internship office at http://www.byui.edu/internships.

**NSF's list of physics REUs:** http://www.nsf.gov/crssprgm/reu/list\_result.jsp?unitid=69 (without the unitid=69 query *you'll get all programs like chemistry, physics, math, etc.*)

**APS physics list of internships**: http://www.aps.org/careers/employment/internships.cfm#undergrad

AAPT/SPS The Physics Nucleus (includes a forum to discuss internships, scholarships, etc.): http://www.compadre.org/student/

## Grad School and GRE Info

Are you looking to go on to Graduate School after finishing your degree at BYU-Idaho? Here are some websites you might be interested in.

AIP's physics graduate school finding website (a paper copy of their catalog is kept in the physics majors room): http://www.gradschoolshopper.com/

GRE preparation suggestions from ETS for the general test: https://www.ets.org/gre/revised\_general/prepare/

GRE preparation suggestions from ETS for the physics subject test: http://www.ets.org/gre/subject/about/content/physics

OSU's physics GRE preparation page with many past practice exams: http://www.physics.ohio-state.edu/undergrad/ugs\_gre.php

## Frequently Asked Questions

This is just a sample of the most frequently asked questions. For other questions or more in depth answers please feel free to contact the Physics Department Office at (208) 496-7730. Also please visit the BYU-ldaho Physics Department web page for more links and information.

#### Why can't I (a physics major) register for next semester?

All physics majors are required to meet with their faculty mentor each semester in order to be granted clearance to register. This meeting can be in person, via email or Zoom, or by phone. The purpose behind it is so we can help you stay on track, know your long-term goals, etc so we can help you get into the right classes, in the right sequence, and ready to graduate. Please come see Sis Nelson in ROM 118 if you need help finding your assigned faculty mentor.

#### What can I do with a degree in Physics?

A background in Physics opens up a wide variety of career opportunities. Nearly 90 percent of all "physicists" are working in medicine, education, industry, engineering, or other professions. Physicists are in demand for their analytical skills in many financial, fund management and research roles, in law, as weather forecasters, computer programmers, and as physics and science teachers. So in short, pretty much anything you want!

#### I am a Physics Major and was accepted to the Winter/Spring or Spring/Fall track.

We accept any track up through your sophomore year. In general, at the end of your sophomore year or at the beginning your junior year you will need to apply for a track adjustment so you can take the majors courses offered in the fall and winter semesters. Contact the department chair to get this process started.

#### Where do I go to change my major?

The Academic Advising Center for our college is located in MC 102. They can be contacted at 208.496.9880 or e-mailed at cpseadvising@byui.edu. You can also visit their website at www.byui.edu/advising. Their team can help you fill out all the forms, get you on the right track, and answer any questions about graduation and requirements.

#### Where do I go to get a course substitution?

The department chair can approve all physics course substitutions. If you have career goals that don't quite fit in the emphasis areas, course substitutions are an option to make those goals a reality. Come to ROM 118A and talk with the chair for guidance and options.

#### What are PH 406 (Physics Senior Research) and PH 398R (Physics Internship)?

All physics majors are required to have an experience applying their learning in an on-the-job or in-the-lab setting. PH 398R is usually a paid applied or research experience away from campus. PH 406 is an unpaid on-campus faculty-mentored research experience. PH 398R is the preferred course and permission to add PH 406 is restricted to those that have exhausted every possible avenue for an internship and have completed 400 hrs of research.

## What are PH406 and PH398R?

#### What is PH398R?

All physics majors are required to have an experience applying their learning in an on-the-job or in-the-lab setting. PH398R fulfills this requirement via an off-campus experience. This can be a research experience (think national labs and research-focused universities) or an applied experience (think Boeing, Northrop Grumman, and Intel but not McDonalds or Burger King). It needs to be an organization other than this school and the work needs to be of the skilled variety, requiring the use of your newly-acquired technical skills.

You should start applying for internships during your sophomore year and consider applying again during your junior year, whether you've done one before or not. (Two internships are better than one) These internships provide a nice paycheck, prepare you for your future role in the workforce, and build your professional network, likely opening up lucrative and rewarding future opportunities. Internships for physics students are usually paid experiences. It is expected that an internship will be a high priority on your educational checklist and that you will exhaust every avenue in your endeavor to obtain one.

#### Well then what is PH406?

If after honestly exhausting all avenues you are unable to obtain an away-from-campus internship experience you may become eligible to register for PH406 and fulfill the internship requirement via an on-campus faculty-mentored research experience. You can qualify for PH406 if

1. You can provide proof that you have made every effort to obtain an away-from-campus experience. This usually means that you have applied for at least 20 positions,

#### and

2. You have already completed at least 200 hours of research with your on-campus faculty research adviser or you are able to commit to the research project full-time (40 hours per week) for one full semester.

Only when both of these conditions have been met will you be allowed to register for PH406 as a substitute for PH398R.

#### Why not just take PH406 instead of PH398R?

The majority of physics students do not qualify for PH406. For those who do qualify, there are several significant drawbacks and/or challenges associated with replacing PH398R with PH406 that you should know about:

- 1. You will not be paid for the on-campus research experience.
- 2. The on-campus research experience must be equivalent to an internship experience (roughly 400 hours of work). This means that you will have to either i) engage in research part-time for 3 consecutive semesters (while you carry a full course load) or ii) engage in research full-time during your off-semester, thus forfeiting the opportunity to work for pay elsewhere during that time.
- 3. If you plan poorly and try to register for PH406 in the same semester that you begin your on-campus research experience (i.e. you fail to meet condition #2 from above), you will find that you will not be allowed to register at all. This scenario could delay your graduation for a full year.
- 4. You will not build your professional network and will miss out on building a bridge to a post-graduation position. This will make the post-graduation job search more difficult.

Please note that we are not discouraging you from engaging in research here on campus. In fact, we encourage your involvement in on-campus, faculty-mentored research as it will strengthen your applications for jobs and internships. However, we strongly discourage substituting a valuable, network-building, away-from-campus professional experience (PH398R) with a faculty-mentored, on-campus experience (PH406). Planning to do this will limit your post-graduation opportunities and put you at a disadvantage relative to your peers.

## Get Involved

#### **Planetarium**

The planetarium offers an opportunity to explore our universe through several different shows. See the stars, planets, and recognize constellations as they appear above you, just as if you were gazing at the night sky. We currently feature 17 shows in our planetarium. Most shows average 30 minutes in length. Public shows are offered every Thursday evening at 7:00 pm. Tickets go on sale at 6:30 pm at the door, first come, first served. Cost is \$2.00 per person.

For more information or if you would like to get involved with the planetarium contact: Stephen McNeil at mcneils@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7741.

#### Observatory

We have a public telescope available on top of the Romney building, ROM 301. While the days and times it is open vary depending on the semester, in general the Observatory is:

- Closed on cloudy/overcast nights
- Open to the public
- Free of charge
- Operators are on duty to answer questions, point out constellations, and operate the telescope.

For further information regarding the Observatory contact: Stephen McNeil at mcneils@byui.edu, or via phone at (208)496-7741.

#### **Society of Physics Students**

The Society of Physics Students (SPS) is a professional association explicitly designed for students. Membership, through collegiate chapters, is open to anyone interested in physics. The only requirement for membership is that you be interested in physics. The SPS exists to help students transform themselves into contributing members of the professional community. Course work develops only one range of skills. Other skills needed to flourish professionally include effective communication and personal interactions, leadership experience, establishing a personal network of contacts, presenting scholarly work in professional meetings and journals, and outreach services to the campus and local communities.

For more information or if you would like to get involved with this society contact: Jon Johnson at johnsonjo@byui.edu, or via phone at (208)496-7759.

#### **Student Research Opportunities**

There are many exciting areas of research in the field of physics. Here are a few examples of research projects currently going on in our department. When in doubt ask your favorite physics teachers what's going on and how you can get involved.

#### **Acoustics**

For further information, please contact Bro Johnson at johnsonjo@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7759

#### **Astronomical Observations**

For further information, please contact Bro McNeil at mcneils@byui.edu, or via phone at (208) 496-774.

#### **Atmospheric Optics**

For further information, please contact Bro Lines at linest@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7740.

#### **Carbon Nanaotubes**

For further information, please contact Bro Hansen at hansenev@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7737.

#### High Altitude Research Team (HART Balloon Project)

For further information, please contact Bro Pyper at pyperb@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7744.

#### **High Performance Computing**

For further information, please contact Bro Hill at hilljo@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7750.

#### **Materials Simulation- Grain Boundaries**

For further information, please contact Bro Hansen at hansenev@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7737

#### **Materials Simulation**

For further information, please contact Bro Nelson at nelsonla@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7736.

#### Meteorology

For further information, please contact Bro Turcotte at turcottes@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7746.

#### **Microwave Scattering**

For further information, please contact Bro Lines at linest@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7740.

#### Nuclear reaction and reaction network modeling

For further information please contact Bro Kelley at kelleyk@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7739.

#### **Optics**

For further information, please contact Bro Lines at linest@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7740.

#### **Physics Education Research**

For further information, please contact Bro Pyper at pyperb@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7744.

#### **Positron Annihilation**

For further information, please contact Bro Hansen at hansenev@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7737.

#### **Surface Physics/X-Ray Difraction**

For further information, please contact Bro Oliphant at oliphantd@byui.edu or via phone at (208) 496-7743.

## Know your Faculty



#### Jim Croasmun - Croasmunj@byui.edu

Jim Croasmun received his Ph.D. from the University of Idaho in Education, his master's degree from Utah State in Instructional Technology, and his bachelor's degree from BYU in Physics Teaching. He has adjunct taught for the department for 20+ years. His interests include controlled fusion and acoustics



#### Richard Datwyler - Datwylerr@byui.edu

Richard Datwyler completed his Ph.D. at Utah State University in the field of Plasma physics, specifically computational plasma containment. In conjunction with this he also has interest in atmospheric plasma, kinetic theory of plasma and other computational physics, including solar energy.



#### Evan Hansen - Department Chair - Hansenev@byui.edu

Evan Hansen received his BS in Physics and graduated with Honors from BYU. He received his MS and PhD in Physics from the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. Prior to coming to BYU-Idaho he spent seven years in research and development in the semiconductor industry.



#### Richard Hatt - Hattr@byui.edu

Richard Hatt received his BS and Ph.D. in Physics at Brigham Young University. He taught at Southern Oregon University for two years before coming to BYU-Idaho and has taught here since 2002. His interests include Quantum Physics and Solid State Physics.



### Joseph Hill -Hilljo@byui.edu

Joseph Hill earned his BS in Physics from BYU-Idaho and a Ph.D in Mechanical Engineering from the University of Arkansas for his work on Directed Self-Assembly Methods in Di-block Co-polymer Thin-Films. His current interest areas span a wide array of topics including, astrophysics, data science, energy storage, fluid dynamics, materials science, micro-electromechanical systems, multi-scale computational modeling, robotics, sustainable energy, and thermodynamics.



#### Jon Johnson - Johnsonjo@byui.edu

Jon Johnson completed his Ph.D. at the University of Utah and studied materials science, specifically materials for semiconductor devices. Br. Johnson's interests include microscopy (AFM, SEM), acoustics, electronics, and condensed matter physics. As more of a hobby he is interested in optics and photography.



#### Kevin Kelley - Kelleyk@byui.edu

Kevin Kelley completed his Ph.D. at the University of California-Davis in computational nuclear physics. He has also conducted research in high energy phenomenology and nuclear astrophysics and radiochemistry at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory.



#### Todd Lines - Linest@byui.edu

Todd Lines completed a BS in Physics from BYU, and received his MS and PhD in Physics from New Mexico State University. He has worked for the Army Research Laboratory and for several major defense companies. He is currently involved in atmospheric optics research.



#### Stephen McNeil - McNeils@byui.edu

Stephen McNeil received his Ph.D. from BYU-Provo in Physics and Astronomy. His research dealt with looking for evidence of supermassive black holes at the center of galaxies. Currently he is involved in student research using telescopes at the BYU-Idaho Observatory and is the Planetarium Director. Bro. McNeil is also the advisor for the BYU-Idaho Astronomical Society.



#### Lance Nelson - Nelsonla@byui.edu

Lance Nelson graduated with his Bachelors from BYU-Idaho, and completed his Ph.D. from BYU with emphasis in computational solid state physics/materials science. He has interests in computational physics, thermodynamics, and energetics of materials.



#### David Oliphant - Oliphantd@byui.edu

David Oliphant began teaching physics at BYU-Idaho in the fall of 2000. He completed his BS and MS at BYU. He is interested in the way x-rays and electrons interact with matter. He is also interested in computer modeling, particularly in developing methods that can extract more information from the given set of measured data.



#### Brian Pyper - Pyperb@byui.edu

Brian Pyper is the Director of Physics Education – Advisor and Supervisor of pre-service physics teachers. Bro. Pyper is very active in Physics Education Research and has been a professor at BYU-Idaho since 1999. He received his BS in Physics from BYU, his MS from the University of Utah, and Ph.D. from Utah State University.



#### Stephen Turcotte - Turcottes@byui.edu

Stephen Turcotte completed his Ph.D. in the area of laser spectroscopy. Before coming to BYU-Idaho, he worked as an optical engineer at Space Dynamics Laboratory in Logan, UT. He has interests in computational physics, protein folding, and weather measurements.



#### Matt Zachreson - Zachresonm@byui.edu

Matt Zachreson completed his Ph.D. at BYU in plasma physics, with an emphasis on computation and statistical modeling. Prior to joinging the physics faculty, Matt worked for BYU-Idaho's office of Institutional Research and Assessment doing education research, data science, and program evaluation. His interests include making cool graphs (data visualization), using statistics to get further insight into data, and baking.

## Degree Opportunities

#### What Can You Do With a College Degree in Physics?

The answer most appropriate for this question is: anything you want to do. However, while some physics majors go on to become professional physicists, the majority pursue careers in fields where they can put their knowledge to more practical applications. With their skills in problem-solving, mathematical reasoning, computer programming, and organizing and interpreting scientific data, physics grads can move into government and industrial jobs that require an ability to think logically and creatively. Physics majors are well-suited to jobs that require step-by-step problem solving using math skills and good observational and communication skills.

A wide range of industries seeks physics graduates: telecommunications, industrial physics, hospital physics, electronics, computing, quality control testing, banking, insurance, teaching, management, technical sales and the armed forces, for starters. Students who become physicists tend to specialize in one or more areas of physics, such as:

- **Nuclear physics**. Nuclear physics involves the study of the components, structure, and behavior of the nucleus of the atom. It has a number of practical applications in developing nuclear energy, archeological dating, smoke detectors and nuclear medicine. Nuclear diagnostic techniques have revolutionized medicine by providing ways to "see" inside the body without surgery. (Emphasis area(s): Mathematical/Computational)
- **Geophysics**. Geophysicists apply physical theories and measurements to discover the properties of the earth. Geophysics includes the branches of seismology, geothermometry (heating of the earth), hydrology (ground and surface water), and gravity and geodesy (the earth's gravitational field). Some of its applications are used in building highways and bridges, studying earthquakes, urban planning and archaeology. (Emphasis area(s): Geophysics)
- Atomic, molecular and optical physics. In this field, physicists study matter and light interactions at the level of the atom. The three are usually grouped together because of their interrelationships, the similarity in methods used, and their related energy scales. Atomic physics is more concerned with the study of the atom than with the forces studied in nuclear physics. Molecular physics focuses on multi-atomic structures and their internal and external interactions with matter and light. Optical physics manipulates light to gain insight into the fundamental properties of light. (Emphasis area(s): Mathematical/Computational/Chemistry)
- **Astronomy**. Astronomy is considered a subfield of physics. Astronomers observe and collect data used to explain relationships between stars and planets as well as other phenomena occurring in the universe. Astronomers, in conjunction with other types of physicists, might be called upon to solve problems connected with space flight navigation and satellite communications. (Emphasis area(s): Astrophysics)

- **Astrophysics**. Astrophysics is the part of astronomy that deals with the physics of stars, star systems and interstellar material. Astrophysicists apply the laws of physics to understand how astronomical bodies are formed, how they interact, and how they die. Astrophysics might be used to figure out how to get to other planets, how to build things in new and safer ways, or to examine how the human body adapts to new situations. (Emphasis area(s): Astrophysics)
- **Space physics.** Space physics is the study of the space environment from the uppermost reaches of the earth's atmosphere to deep space, especially the environment in which satellites must survive. It has important applications as society becomes increasingly dependent on satellites for communication, broadcast, weather monitoring, remote sensing, positional information and military uses. Space exploration has led to the creation of several products such as new types of ceramics, high-performance materials, and even microwave ovens. (Emphasis area(s): Astrophysics)
- **Physics Education**. Physics grads with bachelor's degrees can become elementary or high school teachers. There is almost always a shortage of teachers in the sciences. Technical schools will also hire physics majors who have some professional experience. Public schools require a certification to teach, but not all private schools or technical schools do. (Emphasis area(s): Physics Education)
- Engineering Physics. Engineering is another outlet for the physics major. It is one of the most demanding professions, because it often deals with decisions that affect the safety of individuals. Building bridges, skyscrapers, airplanes, and electrical systems requires a solid foundation in physics. Some students will earn a degree in physics and then go on to graduate school for a master's degree in engineering. Others will double-major in physics and engineering. A few other industries that require a solid physics background are construction, chemical, food, aerospace, agriculture, energy, fuel, metallurgy, textiles and clothing, computers and transportation. (Emphasis area(s): Engineering/ Mathematical)
- **Computer Science**. Computer science offers careers for the physics major in graphics and software, artificial intelligence, data processing and computer games. Computer hardware is the result of applied physics. (Emphasis area(s): Computational)
- Medical Physics. Medical Physics is the application of physics concepts, theories and methods to medicine or healthcare. Medical Physicists are often found in the following healthcare specialties: medical imaging, nuclear medicine, and radiation oncology. University departments are of two types. The first type are mainly concerned with preparing students for a career as a hospital medical physicist and research focuses on improving the practice of the profession. A second type (increasingly called 'biomedical physics') has a much wider scope and may include research in any applications of physics to medicine from study of biomolecular structure to microscopy and nanomedicine. (Emphasis area(s): Medical)
- **Biophysics**. Biophysics is an interdisciplinary science that applies the approaches and methods of physics to study biological systems. Biophysics covers all scales of biological organization, from molecular to organismic and populations. Biophysical research shares significant overlap with biochemistry, nanotechnology, bioengineering, computational biology and systems biology. (Emphasis area(s): Biophysics/Chemistry/Computational)

A student with an interest in physics and communications might consider telecommunications, television, image analysis, video recording, photography, laser technology, journalism, scientific writing and publishing. Other non-technical careers in which physics majors have found success are law, business administration, sports, marketing and business management.

Besides astronomy, space and earth science careers for physics majors include space technology, atmospheric sciences, energy and resources and ocean sciences. Openings in environmental sciences and physics would include positions studying noise control, pollution control, conservation, radiation protection, and environmental monitoring.

Despite the important and intriguing specialties available to physicists, the vast majority of physics majors enter other professions. They may teach high school physics, perform research and development in private industry or in government labs, or lend their expertise to medical imaging, scientific book publishing, and scientific reporting. Physics careers can come from unexpected places. Insurance companies, for example, hire physicists to study the performances of the products they insure and make recommendations for reducing injuries and property loss.

A graduate with a master's degree in physics can do most of the above jobs but usually with a higher degree of responsibility and pay. They also have the opportunity to teach at community colleges. A PhD holder is more likely to become a university professor or researcher. Industries will also hire PhDs to oversee research projects for their companies and design new scientific instruments.

#### Skills, Interests and Qualities

To be a physicist you should have:

- good scientific and mathematical knowledge
- an enquiring mind
- clear and logical thinking, with good problem solving skills
- a methodical approach to work, with a high level of accuracy
- good communication and presentation skills
- report writing skills
- the ability to work both as part of a team and on your own
- team leadership and project management skills
- a good understanding of statistics and relevant computer packages
- a willingness to work flexibly and adapt to change.

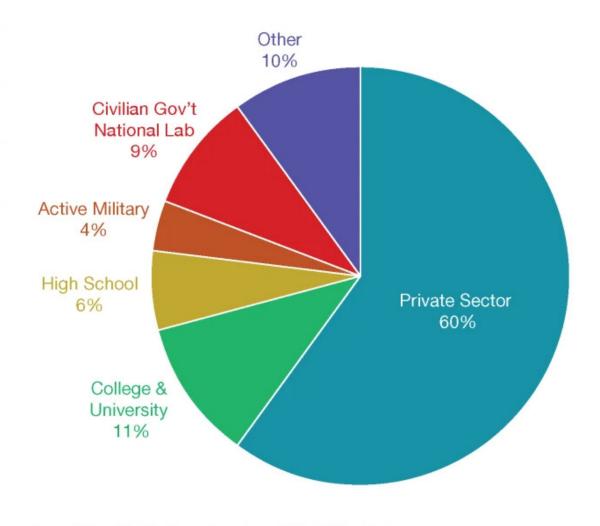
#### How Much Can You Make With a College Degree in Physics?

The salary you can make with a physics degree varies with the level of education (bachelors, master, PH.D) and location. However, the following are the latest statistics from https://www.aip.org/statistics.

# **LAIP PHYSICS TRENDS**

Spring 2024

# Where New Physics Bachelors Work



Source: AIP Physics Bachelor's Follow-up Survey, classes of 2021 and 2022 combined.

@AIP\_Stats

aip.org/statistics

# **EAIP PHYSICS TRENDS**

Spring 2024

# Common Job Titles for New Physics Bachelors

#### **Engineering**

Systems Engineer
Engineering Technician
Electrical Engineer
Project Engineer
Mechanical Engineer
Test Engineer
Process Engineer
Production Engineer
Design Engineer
Manufacturing Engineer
Application Engineer
Data Engineer
Scientist

### Programming/Software

Software Engineer
Software Developer
Application Developer
Data Engineer
Data Analyst
Data Scientist
Machine Learning Engineer
Consultant

#### Research and Technical

Research Assistant
Researcher
Research Technician
Junior Specialist
Patent Examiner
Accelerator Operator
Physicist
Scientist

#### Education

High School Physics Teacher High School Math Teacher Middle School Science Teacher Tutor

#### Finance/Business

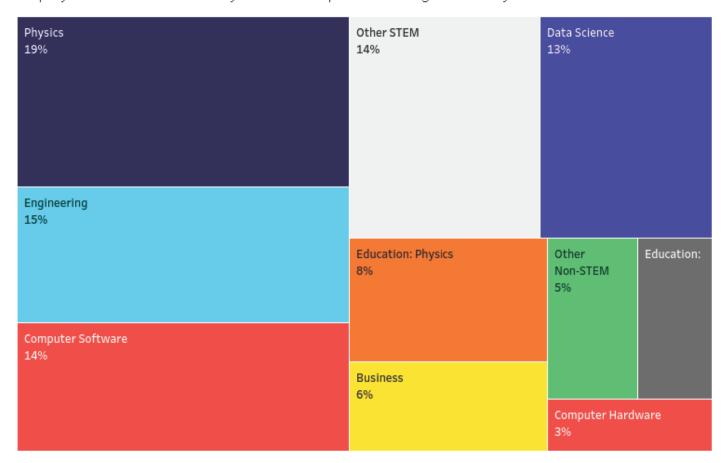
Data Analyst Research Analyst Project Manager Investment Banker

Source: AIP Physics Bachelor's Follow-up Survey, classes of 2021 and 2022 combined.

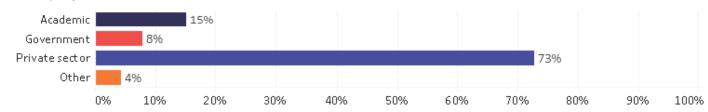
@AIP\_Stats

aip.org/statistics

#### Employment Fields for New Physics PhD Recipients Holding Potentially Permanent Positions

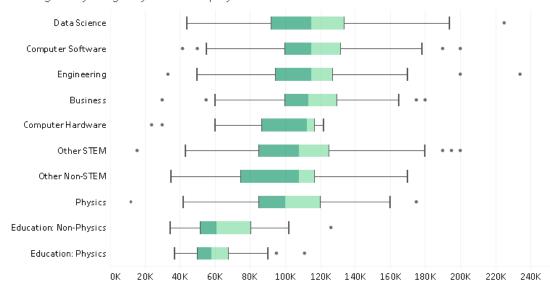


#### All Employment Sectors:



#### Starting Salary Ranges by Field of Employment:

Amazon



The boxes in the salary figure represents the middle 50% of salaries. The full salary range is represented by the lines extending to either side. The dots represent statistical outliers.

All Fields Job Titles:

Analytic Software-Scientist II

#### All Fields Employers: 3M Company Academic Laser Scientist 1910 Genetics Adjunct Professor Of Physics Ab Initio Software Aeronautical Engineer Academy Of The Sacred Heart Ai Research Consultant Aecom Algorithm Developer Aetna Algorithmic Trader Afiniti Amo Physicist Air Force Research Laboratory Analyst Airbnb Analyst/Programmer Allen Institute Analyst, Baseball Analytics Alliance Data Systems Analytic Scientist Alliancebernstein Analytic Scientist II Allstate